# **HOLLOW CATHODE LAMPS**



### **OVERVIEW**

Atomic absorption spectroscopy (or AAS) in its modern form came from principles developed by Australian physicist Dr. A. Walsh in 1955. Atomic absorption spectroscopy is ideal analysis for minute quantities of metallic elements because its operating principle and analysis method offer relatively simple measurement with high accuracy.

Hamamatsu provides a full line of hollow cathode lamps developed by our discharge tube manufacturing technology accumulated over long years of experience. These lamps provide the sharp, high-purity spectral lines essential for high accuracy measurement.

### ■TYPE OF HOLLOW CATHODE LAMPS

Hollow cathode lamps consist of single-element lamps and multi-element lamps. Single-element lamps are usually superior to multi-element lamps in absorption sensitivity and analytical line radiant intensity. Although multi-element lamps offer the advantage of simultaneous determination of multiple elements, their cathode composition must be determined by taking the properties of the metals to combine fully into account. Because of that, fabricating cathodes from an optional combination of elements is not possible.

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Atomic absorption spectrophotometers
- Atomic fluorescence spectrophotometers
- Multi-element analyzers
- Environmental analytical instruments

# CONSTRUCTION

As shown in Figure 1, a hollow cathode lamp is constructed with a bulb having a window (① in Figure 1) made of synthetic silica or UV glass or borosilicate glass, and into which a hollow cathode (⑥ in Figure 1) and a ring-shaped anode (④ in Figure 1) are assembled. Noble gas is also sealed inside at a pressure of several hundred pascals. The hollow cathode is made of a single element or alloy of the element to be analyzed to ensure sharp analytical lines with an absolute minimum of interfering spectral components.

Figure 1: Construction of hollow cathode lamp

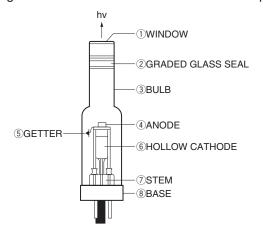
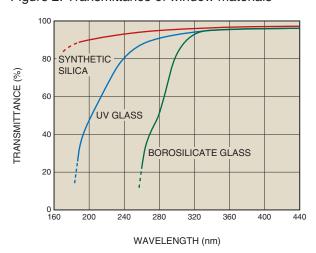


Figure 2: Transmittance of window materials



# **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**

The hollow cathode lamp is a type of glow discharge tube that uses a hollow cathode to enhance the emission intensity. Compared to parallel plate electrodes, using a hollow cathode increases the current density by more than 10 times and this is accompanied by a significant increase in light emission intensity and a lower voltage drop in the lamp. This is known as the hollow cathode effect (or hollow effect).

When a voltage is applied across the electrodes of a hollow cathode lamp, electrons pass from the interior of the cathode to the cathode-fall region and flow through the negative glow region toward the anode. This causes ionization of the gas within the lamp through inelastic collisions with the gas. Positive ions generated by the gas ionization are accelerated by the electric field and collide with the cathode surface. The kinetic energy of ion impact causes the cathode materials to sputter (or fly) away from the cathode surface in the form of an atomic vapor.

Meanwhile electrons are accelerated by the electric field toward the anode. The electrons collide with the ground-state metal atoms being diffused and excite the metal atoms. The excited metal atoms return to the ground state again in an extremely short transition time of about 10-8 seconds. At this point, monochromatic light characteristic of those atoms is emitted at an energy corresponding to the energy difference between the excited state and the ground state.

This transition of electrons occurs not only in the target element for quantitative analysis but also in other elements of the cathode materials, causing a variety of energy transitions to occur. So, in a wide spectral range, many spectral lines of those elements and the gas can be observed. Transition metal elements such as Ni, Co and Fe in particular result in an extremely large number of spectral lines.

## LINEUP OF HOLLOW CATHODE LAMPS

### ●L233 SERIES (38 mm DIA.): SINGLE-ELEMENT HOLLOW CATHODE LAMPS (66 LAMPS) ①

Element		Atomic	Type No.	Analytical line	Lamp current (mA)	
-	I	number	(suffix)	(nm) 328.07 *	Тур.	Max.
Ag	Silver	47	-47NB(AG)	338.28 309.27 *	10	20
Al	Aluminium	13	-13NB(AL)	396.15 193.70 *	10	20
As	Arsenic	33	-33NQ(AS)	197.20	10	12
Au	Gold	79	-79NQ(AU)	197.20 242.80 * 267.59	10	16
В	Boron	5	-5NQ(B)	249.68 * 249.77	10	20
Ва	Barium	56	-56NB(BA)	553.55 *	10	20
Ве	Beryllium	4	-4NQ(BE)	234.86 *	10	20
Bi	Bismuth	83	-83NQ(BI)	223.06 * 306.77	10	12
Ca	Calcium	20	-20NU(CA)	422.67	10	18
Cd	Cadmium	48	-48NQ(CD)	228.80 *	5	12
Co	Cobalt	27	-27NU(CO)	240.73 * 346.58 357.87 *	10	20
Cr	Chromium	24	-24NB(CR)	425.44	10	20
Cs	Caesium	55	-55NB(CS)	852.11 *	10	20
Cu	Copper	29	-29NB(CU)	324.75 * 327.40	10	20
Dy	Dysprosium	66	-66NB(DY)	404.59 * 421.17	15	15
Er	Erbium	68	-68NB(ER)	421.17 400.79 * 415.11	15	15
Eu	Europium	63	-63NB(EU)	459.40 *	15	15
Fe	Iron	26	-26NU(FE)	462.72 248.33 * 371.99	10	20
Ga	Gallium	31	-31NU(GA)	287.42 294.36 * 407.87	4	6
Gd	Gadolinium	64	-64NB(GD)	407.87 422.58 *	12	12
Ge	Germanium	32	-32NU(GE)	265.16 *	10	20
Hf	Hafnium	72	-72NU(HF)	286.64 * 307.29	20	25
Hg	Mercury	80	-80NU(HG)	253.65 *	4	6
Но	Holmium	67	-67NB(HO)	410.38 * 416.30	15	20
In	Indium	49	-49NB(IN)	303.94 * 325.61	10	15
lr	Iridium	77	-77NQ(IR)	208.88 * 266.47	20	20
К	Potassium	19	-19NB(K)	766.49 *	10	15
La	Lanthanum	57	-57NB(LA)	769.90 357.44 550.13 *	10	20
Li	Lithium	3	-3NB(LI)	610.36 670.78 *	10	20
Lu	Lutetium	71	-71NB(LU)	328.17 331.21 *	15	15
Mg	Magnesium	12	-12NU(MG)	285.21 *	10	18
Mn	Manganese	25	-25NU(MN)	279.48 * 403.08	10	20
Мо	Molybdenum	42	-42NB(MO)	313.26 * 320.88	10	20
Na	Sodium	11	-11NB(NA)	589.00 * 589.59	10	15
Nb	Niobium	41	-41NB(NB)	334.91 *	20	30
Nd	Neodymium	60	-60NB(ND)	405.89 463.42 492.45 *	15	15
Ni	Nickel	28	-28NQ(NI)	232.00 * 341.48	10	20
Os	Osmium	76	-76NU(OS)	290.90 * 305.86	15	15
Pb	Lead	82	-82NQ(PB)	217.00 * 283.30 244.79 *	10	15
Pd	Palladium	46	-46NQ(PD)	244.79 * 247.64	10	20
Pr	Praseodymium	59	-59NB(PR)	495.13 * 513.34	15	15
Pt	Platinum	78	-78NU(PT)	265.95 * 299.80	10	20
Rb	Rubidium	37	-37NB(RB)	780.02 * 794.76	10	20
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Element		Atomic	Type No.	Analytical line		rent (mA)
		number	(suffix)	(nm) 346.05 *	Тур.	Max.
Re	Rhenium	75	-75NB(RE)	346.47	20	25
Rh	Rhodium	45	-45NB(RH)	343.49 *	10	20
Ru	Ruthenium	44	-44NB(RU)	349.89 *	20	25
Sb	Antimony	51	-51NQ(SB)	217.58 * 231.15	10	15
Sc	Scandium	21	-21NB(SC)	390.74 391.18 *	10	15
Se	Selenium	34	-34NQ(SE)	196.03 *	20	25
Si	Silicon	14	-14NU(SI)	251.61 * 288.16	10	20
Sm	Samarium	62	-62NB(SM)	429.67 * 484.17	15	20
Sn	Tin	50	-50NQ(SN)	224.61 * 286.33	20	20
Sr	Strontium	38	-38NB(SR)	460.73 *	10	20
Ta	Tantalum	73	-73NU(TA)	271.47 * 275.83	10	20
Tb	Terbium	65	-65NB(TB)	431.88 432.64 *	15	15
Te	Tellurium	52	-52NQ(TE)	214.27 *	10	15
Ti	Titanium	22	-22NB(TI)	364.27 * 365.35	10	20
TI	Thallium	81	-81NU(TL)	276.78 * 377.57	7	10
Tm	Thulium	69	-69NB(TM)	371.79 * 410.58	10	15
V	Vanadium	23	-23NB(V)	306.64 318.40 *	10	20
W	Tungsten	74	-74NU(W)	255.14 * 400.87	10	25
Υ	Yttrium	39	-39NB(Y)	410.23 * 412.83	15	15
Yb	Ytterbium	70	-70NB(YB)	346.43 398.79 *	10	10
Zn	Zinc	30	-30NQ(ZN)	213.86 * 307.59	7	15
Zr	Zirconium	40	-40NB(ZR)	360.12 * 468.78	20	20
D2	Hydrogen	1	-1DQ(D2)	240.00 (peak value)	30	35

### ●L733 SERIES (38 mm DIA.): MULTI-ELEMENT HOLLOW CATHODE LAMPS (11 LAMPS) ①

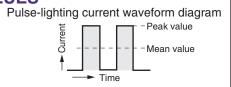
Florent		Atomic	Type No.	Type No. Analytical line		Lamp current (mA)	
Element		number	(suffix)	(nm)	Тур.	Max.	
Na-K	Sodium Potassium	11 19	-201NB	Na 589.00 * K 766.49 *	10	15	
Ca-Mg	Calcium Magnesium	20 12 14	-202NU	Ca 422.67 * Mg 285.21 *	10	18	
Si-Al	Silicon Aluminium	14 13	-203NU	Si 251.61 * Al 309.27 *	10	20	
Fe-Ni	Iron Nickel	13 26 28 38 56	-204NQ	Fe 248.33 * Ni 232.00 *	10	20	
Sr-Ba	Strontium Barium	38 56	-205NB	Sr 460.73 * Ba 553.55 *	10	20	
Al-Ca-Mg	Aluminium Calcium Magnesium	13 20 12	-321NU	Al 309.27 * Ca 422.67 * Mg 285.21 *	10	18	
Ca-Mg-Zn	Calcium Magnesium Zinc	20 12 30	-322NQ	Că 422.67 * Mg 285.21 * Zn 213.86 *	10	15	
Cu-Mo- Co-Zn	Copper Molybdenum Cobalt Zinc	30 29 42 27 30	-401NQ	Cu 324.75 * Mo 313.26 * Co 240.73 * Zn 213.86 *	10	15	
Cd-Cu- Pb-Zn	Cadmium Copper Lead Zinc	48 29 82 30	-402NQ	Cd 228.80 * Cu 324.75 * Pb 217.00 * Zn 213.86 *	10	15	
Cu-Fe- Mn-Zn	Copper Iron Manganese Zinc	29 82 30 29 26 25 30	-405NQ	Cu 324.75 * Fe 248.33 * Mn 279.48 * Zn 213.86 *	8	15	
Co-Cr-Cu- Fe-Mn-Ni	Cobalt Chromium Copper Iron Manganese Nickel	27 24 29 26 25 28	-601NQ	Co 240.73 * Cr 357.87 * Cu 324.75 * Fe 248.33 * Mn 279.48 * Ni 232.00 *	10	20	

<sup>\*</sup> Analytical lines marked with an asterisk (\*) indicate the maximum absorption wavelength of each element. Since each element has two or more spectral emission lines, select the appropriate spectral line for the sample concentration.

NOTE: 1 The guaranteed life is defined by the product of the lamp current value (typ.) and the accumulated operating time and is specified as 5000 mA·hrs except for the guaranteed life of As, Ga and Hg which are specified as 3000 mA·hrs.

### NOTE ON THE L233 AND L733 SERIES CURRENT VALUES

The lamp current values listed above are specified as a peak value. However, instruments using a pulse lighting system may indicate the lamp current value as the mean value. So, operate at the lamp current specified for the instrument in use.



### LINEUP OF GIANT-PULSE HOLLOW CATHODE LAMPS

### ●L2433 SERIES (38 mm DIA.): SINGLE-ELEMENT HOLLOW CATHODE LAMPS (45 LAMPS)

Ag   Silver   47   47NB(AG)   338.02   10   400   20 000   500	Element		Atomic	Type No.	Analytical line	Lamp current		Accumulated ② life	Operating <sup>②</sup> life
Ag Silver 47 -47/NB(As) 338_28 10 400 20 500 500 As Allaminium 13 -13NB(AL) 380_27 10 600 30 000 500 500 As Arsenic 33 -33NO(AS) 181_5 10 600 30 000 500 150 Au Gold 79 -79NO(AU) 242_80 10 400 20 000 500 BB Boron 5 -5NO(B) 249_68 10 500 5000 100 BB Boron 5 -5NO(B) 249_68 10 500 5000 100 BB Beryllium 4 -4NO(BE) 249_67 15 600 30 000 500 100 BB Bismuth 83 83NO(BI) 223_80 10 500 6000 100 CC Ca Calcium 20 -20NU(CA) 42_20 7 15 600 30 000 500 CC Ca Calcium 20 -20NU(CA) 42_20 7 15 600 30 000 500 CC Ca Calcium 24 -4NO(BE) 228_80 8 8 100 5000 500 CC Ca Calcium 24 -24NB(CR) 246_58 15 400 2000 500 CC Co Cobalt 27 -27NU(CO) 346_58 15 400 2000 500 CC Cu Copper 29 -29NB(CU) 32_40 70 10 500 2500 500 CC Cu Copper 29 -29NB(CU) 32_40 70 10 500 2500 500 CC Cu Copper 29 -29NB(CU) 32_40 70 10 500 2500 500 500 CC Cu Copper 29 -29NB(CU) 32_40 70 10 500 25000 500 CC Cu Copper 29 -29NB(CU) 32_40 70 10 500 25000 500 500 CC Cu Copper 29 -29NB(CU) 32_40 70 10 500 25000 500 500 CC Cu Copper 29 -29NB(CU) 32_40 70 10 500 25000 500 500 CC Cu Copper 29 -29NB(CU) 32_40 70 10 500 25000 500 500 500 500 500 500 500	_	l		, ,	(nm)	(Max.)	(Max.)	(mA·ms·h)	(h)
As Arsenic 33 -33NQ(AS) 193.70 12 500 30 000 500  Au Gold 79 -79NQ(AU) 267.59 10 400 20 000 500  B Boron 5 -5NQ(B) 249.70 10 500 5000 100  Ba Barium 56 -56NB(BA) 553.55 15 600 30 000 500  Be Beryllium 4 -4NQ(BE) 234.86 10 600 6000 100  Ca Calcium 20 -20NU(CA) 422.67 15 600 30 000 500  Ca Calcium 20 -20NU(CA) 422.67 15 600 30 000 500  Cd Cadmium 48 -48NQ(CD) 288.80 8 100 5000 500  Cd Cadmium 48 -48NQ(CD) 288.80 8 100 5000 500  Cd Cadmium 48 -48NQ(CD) 288.80 15 400 2000 500  Cd Cobalt 27 -27NU(CO) 346.58 15 400 2000 500  Cd Copper 29 -29NB(CU) 327.40 10 500 25 000 500  Cu Copper 29 -29NB(CU) 327.40 10 500 25 000 500  Er Erbium 68 -66NB(EP) 404.57 15 600 6000 100  Er Erbium 68 -66NB(EP) 404.57 15 500 6000 100  Eu Europium 63 -63NB(EU) 499.40 15 500 6000 100  Eu Europium 63 -63NB(EU) 499.40 15 500 6000 100  Ed Ga Gallium 31 -31NU(GA) 287.33 12 400 20 000 500  Hf Hafnium 72 -72NU(FF) 367.29 20 600 6000 100  K Potassium 19 -19NB(K) 766.49 10 600 6000 100  K Potassium 19 -19NB(K) 766.49 10 600 6000 100  K Potassium 19 -19NB(K) 766.49 10 600 6000 100  K Potassium 19 -19NB(K) 766.49 10 600 30 000 500  Mn Manganese 25 -25NU(MN) 330.80 10 600 30 000 500  Ru Ruthenium 42 -42NB(MO) 313.26 15 600 6000 100  Pb Lead 82 -82NQ(FB) 321.5 500 5000 500  Ru Ruthenium 44 -44NB(RU) 399.89 10 600 30 000 500  Ru Ruthenium 44 -44NB(RU) 399.89 10 600 6000 100  Fe Platinum 78 -78NU(FF) 298.80 10 600 6000 100  Fo Se Selenium 34 -34NQ(SE) 211.5 500 5000 500  Sm Samarium 62 -62NQ(FB) 247.91 10 500 25 000 500  Sm Samarium 62 -62NQ(FB) 247.91 10 500 25 000 500  Sm Samarium 62 -62NQ(FB) 247.91 10 500 25 000 500  Sm Samarium 62 -62NQ(FB) 247.91 10 500 25 000 500  Fo Se Selenium 34 -34NQ(SE) 217.5 10 500 25 000 500  Fo De Tellurium 78 -78NU(FF) 298.80 10 500 25 000 500  Fo De Tellurium 78 -78NU(FF) 298.80 10 500 25 000 500  Fo Se Selenium 34 -34NQ(SE) 217.5 10 500 25 000 500  Fo Tin Titanium 22 -22NB(SH) 364.47 10 500 25 000 500  Fo Se Selenium 34 -34NQ(SE) 217.5 10 500 25 000 500  Fo Tellurium 52 -52NQ(FB) 247.91 10 500 25 000 500  Fo Tellurium 5		J		. ,	338.28	-			
Au Gold 79 -79NQ(AU) 242,80° 10 400 20 000 500 8 B Boron 5 -5NQ(B) 242,80° 10 400 20 000 500 100 8 B Boron 5 -5NQ(B) 243,77° 10 500 5000 100 8 B Barium 56 -56NB(BA) 553,55° 15 600 30 000 500 100 8 B Beryllium 4 -4NQ(BE) 234,86° 10 600 6000 100 100 8 B Bismuth 83 -83NQ(BI) 306,77° 10 300 6000 200 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Al			-13NB(AL)	396.15				
B	As	Arsenic	33	-33NQ(AS)	197.20	12	500	7500	150
Ba Barium 56 -56NB(BA) 583.55* 15 600 30 000 500 Be Beryllium 4 -4NQ(BE) 234.86* 10 600 6000 100 Bi Bismuth 83 -83NQ(BI) 232.06* 10 600 6000 200 Ca Calcium 20 -20NU(CA) 422.67* 15 600 30 000 500 Cd Cadmium 48 -48NQ(CD) 228.80* 8 100 5000 500 Co Cobalt 27 -27NU(CO) 346.58* 15 400 2000 500 Cr Chromium 24 -24NB(CR) 425.44* 10 600 12 000 200 Cu Copper 29 -29NB(CU) 324.75* 10 500 25 000 500 Dy Dysprosium 66 -66NB(PY) 40.79* 15 600 6000 100 Er Erbium 68 -68NB(ER) 400.79* 15 600 6000 100 Eu Europium 63 -63NB(EU) 493.40* 15 500 5000 100 Eu Europium 63 -63NB(EU) 493.40* 10 600 6000 100 Fe Iron 26 -26NO(FE) 249.33* 12 400 2000 500 Ga Gallium 31 -31NU(GA) 264.36* 40 400 4000 100 Hf Hafnium 72 -72NU(HF) 286.64* 20 600 6000 100 K Potassium 19 -19NB(K) 766.49* 20 600 6000 100 K Potassium 19 -19NB(K) 766.49* 10 600 6000 100 K Potassium 19 -19NB(K) 766.90* 10 600 30 000 500 Mg Magnesium 12 -12NU(MG) 276.49* 10 600 6000 100 Na Sodium 11 -11NB(NA) 585.05* 10 600 500 500 Mg Magnesium 12 -12NU(MG) 279.48* 10 600 6000 100 Na Sodium 11 -11NB(NA) 588.59* 10 600 30 000 500 Na Sodium 14 -14NB(NA) 279.84* 10 600 25 000 500 Na Sodium 14 -14NB(NA) 289.80* 10 600 30 000 500 Na Sodium 15 -11NB(NA) 588.59* 10 600 9000 150 Na Sodium 14 -14NB(NA) 341.48* 10 400 20 000 500 Na Ruthenium 42 -42NB(MO) 313.26* 10 600 9000 150 Na Sodium 14 -14NB(NA) 341.48* 10 400 20 000 500 Na Ruthenium 44 -44NB(RU) 349.80* 15 500 25 000 500 Na Sodium 15 -11NB(NA) 588.59* 10 600 9000 150 Sb Antimony 51 -51NG(SB) 283.30* 12 500 600 6000 100 Sc Selenium 34 -34NG(SE) 196.03* 15 500 25 000 500 Sm Samarium 62 -62NB(SM) 349.47* 15 600 6000 100 Sm Samarium 62 -62NB(SM) 489.47* 15 600 6000 100 Sm Samarium 62 -62NB(SM) 349.47* 15 600 6000 100 Tr Titanium 22 -22NB(TI) 366.35* 10 600 6000 100 Tr Titanium 32 -32NB(SR) 10 600 25 000 500 Tr Titanium 32 -32NB(SR) 10 600 6000 100	Au	Gold	79	-79NQ(AU)	267.59	10	400	20 000	500
Bar   Barlum   Sa   SaNB(BA)   15   500   30 000   500	В	Boron	5	-5NQ(B)	249.77	10	500	5000	100
Bi	Ва	Barium	56	-56NB(BA)		15	600	30 000	500
Ca	Ве	Beryllium	4	-4NQ(BE)		10	600	6000	100
Cal         Calcium         20         220NU(CA)         15         600         30 000         500           Co         Codamium         48         -48NQ(CD)         228.80°         8         100         5000         500           Co         Cobalt         27         -27NU(CO)         240.73°         15         400         2000         500           Cr         Chromium         24         -24NB(CR)         357.64°         10         600         12 000         200           Cu         Copper         29         -29NB(CU)         327.40°         10         500         500         500           Dy         Dysprosium         66         -66NB(DY)         421.17°         15         600         6000         100           Er         Erbium         68         -68NB(ER)         415.11°         15         500         5000         100           Eu         Europium         63         -63NB(EU)         402.72°         10         600         6000         100           Fe         Iron         26         -26NQ(FE)         371.93°         12         400         2000         500           Ga         Gallium         31	Bi	Bismuth	83	-83NQ(BI)	306.77	10	300	6000	200
Co	Ca	Calcium	20	-20NU(CA)		15	600	30 000	500
Co	Cd	Cadmium	48	-48NQ(CD)		8	100	5000	500
Cr         Chromium         24         -24NB(CH)         425,44         10         500         12 000         20           Dy         Dysprosium         66         -66NB(DY)         404-59*         10         500         25 000         500           Er         Erbium         68         -66NB(ER)         400-79*         15         500         5000         100           Eu         Europium         63         -68NB(ER)         400-79*         15         500         5000         100           Fe         Iron         26         -26NQ(FE)         248-33         12         400         20 000         500           Ga         Gallium         31         -31NU(GA)         224-32         4         400         4000         100           Ge         Germanium         32         -32NU(GE)         265-16*         20         500         5000         100           Hf         Hafnium         72         -72NU(HF)         307-29         20         600         6000         100           Ho         Holmium         67         -67NB(HO)         416-30         10         600         6000         100           K         Potassium	Со	Cobalt	27	-27NU(CO)	346.58	15	400	2000	500
Dy   Dysprosium   66   -66NB(DY)   494.59*   10   500   25 000   100	Cr	Chromium	24	-24NB(CR)	425.44	10	600	12 000	200
Er	Cu	Copper	29	-29NB(CU)	327.40	10	500	25 000	500
Er	Dy	Dysprosium	66	-66NB(DY)	421.17	15	600	6000	100
Europium   63   -63Ns(EU)   462,72   10   600   6000   100	Er	Erbium	68	-68NB(ER)		15	500	5000	100
Fe	Eu	Europium	63	-63NB(EU)		10	600	6000	100
Ga         Gallium         31         -31NU(GA)         287,42 - 294,36 - 4         4 400         4000         100           Ge         Germanium         32         -32NU(GE)         265.16 - 20         500         5000         100           Hf         Hafnium         72         -72NU(HF)         366.64 - 307.29         20         600         6000         100           Ho         Holmium         67         -67NB(HO)         416.38 - 416.30         10         600         6000         100           K         Potassium         19         -19NB(K)         766.49 - 769.90         10         600         30 000         500           La         Lanthanum         57         -57NB(LA)         357.44 - 550.13 - 20         600         9000         150           Li         Lithium         3         -3NB(LI)         670.78 - 15 - 500         25 000         500           Mg         Magnesium         12         -12NU(MG)         285.21 - 10         500         25 000         500           Mn         Manganesium         12         -12NU(MG)         313.26 - 10         600         30 000         500           Mn         Malganesium         42         -42NB(MO) <td< td=""><td>Fe</td><td>Iron</td><td>26</td><td>-26NQ(FE)</td><td></td><td>12</td><td>400</td><td>20 000</td><td>500</td></td<>	Fe	Iron	26	-26NQ(FE)		12	400	20 000	500
Ge         Germanium         32         -32NU(GE)         266.16 * 20         500         5000         100           Hf         Hafnium         72         -72NU(HF)         286.61 * 20         600         6000         100           Ho         Holmium         67         -67NB(HO)         410.38 * 10         600         6000         100           K         Potassium         19         -19NB(K)         768.49 * 10         600         30 000         500           La         Lanthanum         57         -57NB(LA)         550.13 * 20         600         9000         150           Li         Lithium         3         -3NB(LI)         670.78 * 15         500         25 000         500           Mg         Magnesium         12         -12NU(MG)         279.48 * 10         500         25 000         500           Mn         Manganese         25         -25NU(MN)         279.48 * 10         600         30 000         500           Mo         Molybdenum         42         -42NB(MO)         320.88 * 10         600         9000         150           Na         Sodium         11         -11NB(NA)         589.59 * 10         600         120 00         200 </td <td>Ga</td> <td>Gallium</td> <td>31</td> <td>-31NU(GA)</td> <td>287.42</td> <td>4</td> <td>400</td> <td>4000</td> <td>100</td>	Ga	Gallium	31	-31NU(GA)	287.42	4	400	4000	100
Hit   Hamium   72   -72NU(HF)   307.29   20   600   6000   100   100	Ge	Germanium	32	-32NU(GE)		20	500	5000	100
Ho   Holmium   67	Hf	Hafnium	72	-72NU(HF)		20	600	6000	100
K         Potassium         19         -19NB(K)         766.49 ° 769.90         10         600         30 000         500           La         Lanthanum         57         -57NB(LA)         367.44 ° 20         600         9000         150           Li         Lithium         3         -3NB(LI)         610.36 ° 15 ° 50.13 ° 25 000         500           Mg         Magnesium         12         -12NU(MG)         279.48 ° 10 ° 500         25 000         500           Mn         Manganese         25         -25NU(MN)         403.08 ° 10 ° 600         30 000         500           Mo         Molybdenum         42         -42NB(MO)         313.26 ° 320.88 ° 10 ° 600         9000         150           Na         Sodium         11         -11NB(NA)         589.00 ° 10 ° 10 ° 600         9000         150           Na         Sodium         11         -11NB(NA)         589.00 ° 10 ° 10 ° 600         12000         200           Ni         Nickel         28         -28NQ(NI)         341.48 ° 10 ° 400 ° 2000         500           Pb         Lead         82         -82NQ(PB)         217.00 ° 217.00 ° 10 ° 300         150         500           Pd         Palladium         46         -46	Но	Holmium	67	-67NB(HO)	410.38 *	10	600	6000	100
La         Lanthanum         57         -57NB(LA)         550,13*         20         600         9000         150           Li         Lithium         3         -3NB(LI)         610.36* 670.78*         15         500         25 000         500           Mg         Magnesium         12         -12NU(MG)         285.21*         10         500         25 000         500           Mn         Manganese         25         -25NU(MN)         279.48* 403.08         10         600         30 000         500           Mo         Molybdenum         42         -42NB(MO)         313.26* 320.88         10         600         900         150           Na         Sodium         11         -11NB(NA)         589.59* 589.59*         10         600         12 000         200           Ni         Nickel         28         -28NQ(NI)         341.48* 341.48*         10         400         20 000         500           Pb         Lead         82         -82NQ(PB)         217.00* 247.64         10         300         15 000         500           Pd         Paladium         46         -46NQ(PD)         244.79* 247.94* 247.64         10         300 <th< td=""><td>К</td><td>Potassium</td><td>19</td><td>-19NB(K)</td><td>766.49 *</td><td>10</td><td>600</td><td>30 000</td><td>500</td></th<>	К	Potassium	19	-19NB(K)	766.49 *	10	600	30 000	500
Li         Lithium         3         -3NB(LI)         610.36 to 0.78 to 0.7	La	Lanthanum	57	-57NB(LA)	357.44	20	600	9000	150
Mg         Magnesium         12         -12NU(MG)         285.21*         10         500         25 000         500           Mn         Manganese         25         -25NU(MN)         279.48*         10         600         30 000         500           Mo         Molybdenum         42         -42NB(MO)         313.26*         10         600         9000         150           Na         Sodium         11         -11NB(NA)         589.00*         10         600         12 000         200           Ni         Nickel         28         -28NQ(NI)         341.48*         10         400         20 000         500           Pb         Lead         82         -82NQ(PB)         283.30*         10         300         15 000         500           Pd         Palladium         46         -46NQ(PD)         244.79*         10         300         3000         100           Pt         Platinum         78         -78NU(PT)         265.95*         10         300         3000         100           Ru         Ruthenium         44         -44NB(RU)         349.89*         20         600         6000         100           Sb         Antimo	Li	Lithium	3	-3NB(LI)	610.36	15	500	25 000	500
Mn         Manganese         25         -25NO(MN)         403,08         10         600         30 000         500           Mo         Molybdenum         42         -42NB(MO)         313.26*         10         600         9000         150           Na         Sodium         11         -11NB(NA)         589.00*         10         600         12 000         200           Ni         Nickel         28         -28NQ(NI)         341.48         10         400         20 000         500           Pb         Lead         82         -82NQ(PB)         283.30         10         300         15 000         500           Pd         Palladium         46         -46NQ(PD)         244.79*         10         300         3000         100           Pt         Platinum         78         -78NU(PT)         265.95*         10         300         3000         100           Ru         Ruthenium         44         -44NB(RU)         349.89*         20         600         6000         100           Sb         Antimony         51         -51NQ(SB)         217.58*         15         500         7500         150           Se         Selenium <td>Mg</td> <td>Magnesium</td> <td>12</td> <td>-12NU(MG)</td> <td>285.21 *</td> <td>10</td> <td>500</td> <td>25 000</td> <td>500</td>	Mg	Magnesium	12	-12NU(MG)	285.21 *	10	500	25 000	500
Mo         Molybdenum         42         -42NB(MO)         313.26* 320.88* 320.80* 320.00*	Mn	Manganese	25	-25NU(MN)		10	600	30 000	500
Na         Sodium         11         -11NB(NA)         589.59 589.59 589.59 589.59 589.59 589.59 589.59 589.59 589.59 589.59 589.59 589.50 580.         10         600         12 000         200           Ni         Nickel         28         -28NQ(NI)         232.00	Мо	Molybdenum	42	-42NB(MO)	313.26 *	10	600	9000	150
Ni         Nickel         28         -28NQ(NI)         232.00 * 341.48	Na	Sodium	11	-11NB(NA)	589.00 *	10	600	12 000	200
Pb         Lead         82         -82NQ(PB)         287.00 * 283.00 * 284.70 * 284.79 * 10         300         15 000         500           Pd         Palladium         46         -46NQ(PD)         244.79 * 247.64 * 10         300         3000         100           Pt         Platinum         78         -78NU(PT)         265.95 * 299.80 * 299.80 * 10         300         3000         100           Ru         Ruthenium         44         -44NB(RU)         349.89 * 20         600         6000         100           Sb         Antimony         51         -51NQ(SB)         217.58 * 231.15 * 15         500         7500         150           Se         Selenium         34         -34NQ(SE)         196.03 * 15         300         4500         150           Si         Silicon         14         -14NU(SI)         251.61 * 288.16         10         500         10 000         200           Sm         Samarium         62         -62NB(SM)         429.67 * 484.17 * 15         600         6000         100           Sn         Tin         50         -50NQ(SN)         286.33 * 20         500         25 000         500           Sr         Strontium         38         -38NB(SR)	Ni	Nickel	28	-28NQ(NI)	232.00 *	10	400	20 000	500
Pd         Palladium         46         -46NQ(PD)         247.64         10         300         3000         100           Pt         Platinum         78         -78NU(PT)         265.95 * 299.80*         10         300         3000         100           Ru         Ruthenium         44         -44NB(RU)         349.89 * 20         600         6000         100           Sb         Antimony         51         -51NQ(SB)         217.58 * 231.15         15         500         7500         150           Se         Selenium         34         -34NQ(SE)         196.03 * 15         300         4500         150           Si         Silicon         14         -14NU(SI)         251.61 * 288.16         10         500         10 000         200           Sm         Samarium         62         -62NB(SM)         429.67 * 484.17         15         600         6000         100           Sn         Tin         50         -50NQ(SN)         286.33         20         500         25 000         500           Sr         Strontium         38         -38NB(SR)         10         500         25 000         500           Te         Tellurium         52	Pb	Lead	82	-82NQ(PB)	217.00 *	10	300	15 000	500
Pt         Platinum         78         -78NU(PT)         266.95 * 299.80 * 299.80 * 20 * 600 * 6000 * 100           Ru         Ruthenium         44         -44NB(RU)         349.89 * 20 * 600 * 6000 * 100           Sb         Antimony         51         -51NQ(SB)         217.58 * 231.15 * 15 * 500 * 7500 * 150           Se         Selenium         34         -34NQ(SE)         196.03 * 15 * 300 * 4500 * 150           Si         Silicon         14         -14NU(SI)         281.61 * 10 * 500 * 10 000 * 200           Sm         Samarium         62         -62NB(SM)         429.67 * 429.67 * 15 * 600 * 6000 * 100           Sn         Tin         50         -50NQ(SN)         224.61 * 20 * 500 * 25 000 * 500           Sr         Strontium         38         -38NB(SR)         460.73 * 10 * 500 * 25 000 * 500           Te         Tellurium         52         -52NQ(TE)         214.27 * 15 * 400 * 4000 * 100           Ti         Titanium         22         -22NB(TI)         365.35 * 10 * 600 * 12 000 * 200           V         Vanadium         23         -23NB(V)         318.40 * 10 * 700 * 7000 * 100           Y         Yttrium         39         -39NB(Y)         412.83 * 15 * 600 * 6000 * 100           Yb         Ytterbium         70	Pd	Palladium	46	-46NQ(PD)		10	300	3000	100
Ru         Ruthenium         44         -44NB(RU)         349.89 * 20         20         600         6000         100           Sb         Antimony         51         -51NQ(SB)         217.58 * 231.15         15         500         7500         150           Se         Selenium         34         -34NQ(SE)         196.03 * 15         300         4500         150           Si         Silicon         14         -14NU(SI)         281.61 * 288.16         10         500         10 000         200           Sm         Samarium         62         -62NB(SM)         429.67 * 484.17         15         600         6000         100           Sn         Tin         50         -50NQ(SN)         286.33 * 20         500         25 000         500           Sr         Strontium         38         -38NB(SR)         460.73 * 10         500         25 000         500           Te         Tellurium         52         -52NQ(TE)         214.27 * 15         400         4000         100           Ti         Titanium         22         -22NB(TI)         364.27 * 365.35         10         600         12 000         200           V         Vanadium         23	Pt	Platinum	78	-78NU(PT)	265.95 *	10	300	3000	100
Sb         Antimony         51         -51NQ(SB)         231.15         15         500         7500         150           Se         Selenium         34         -34NQ(SE)         196.03 *         15         300         4500         150           Si         Silicon         14         -14NU(SI)         281.61 *         10         500         10 000         200           Sm         Samarium         62         -62NB(SM)         429.67 *         15         600         6000         100           Sn         Tin         50         -50NQ(SN)         286.33 *         20         500         25 000         500           Sr         Strontium         38         -38NB(SR)         460.73 *         10         500         25 000         500           Te         Tellurium         52         -52NQ(TE)         214.27 *         15         400         4000         100           Ti         Titanium         22         -22NB(TI)         364.27 *         10         600         12 000         200           V         Vanadium         23         -23NB(V)         318.40 *         10         700         7000         100           Yb         Ytter	Ru	Ruthenium	44	-44NB(RU)		20	600	6000	100
Se         Selenium         34         -34NQ(SE)         196.03 *         15         300         4500         150           Si         Silicon         14         -14NU(SI)         251.61 *         10         500         10 000         200           Sm         Samarium         62         -62NB(SM)         429.67 *         15         600         6000         100           Sn         Tin         50         -50NQ(SN)         224.61 *         20         500         25 000         500           Sr         Strontium         38         -38NB(SR)         460.73 *         10         500         25 000         500           Te         Tellurium         52         -52NQ(TE)         214.27 *         15         400         4000         100           Ti         Titanium         22         -22NB(TI)         364.27 *         10         600         12 000         200           V         Vanadium         23         -23NB(V)         306.64 *         10         700         7000         100           Yb         Ytterbium         70         -70NB(YB)         398.44 *         10         700         600         100	Sb	Antimony	51	-51NQ(SB)		15	500	7500	150
SI         Silicon         14         -14NO(SI)         288.16         10         500         10 000         200           Sm         Samarium         62         -62NB(SM)         429.67 * 484.17         15         600         6000         100           Sn         Tin         50         -50NQ(SN)         224.61 * 286.33 * 20         500         25 000         500           Sr         Strontium         38         -38NB(SR)         460.73 * 10         500         25 000         500           Te         Tellurium         52         -52NQ(TE)         214.27 * 15         400         4000         100           Ti         Titanium         22         -22NB(TI)         364.27 * 365.35 * 10         600         12 000         200           V         Vanadium         23         -23NB(V)         306.64 * 318.40 * 10         700         7000         100           Y         Yttrium         39         -39NB(Y)         410.23 * 412.83 * 15         600         6000         100           Yb         Ytterbium         70         -70NB(YB)         398.40 * 318.40 *	Se	Selenium	34	-34NQ(SE)		15	300	4500	150
Sm         Samarium         62         -62NB(SM)         429.67 * 484.17 * 484.17 * 15         15         600         6000         100           Sn         Tin         50         -50NQ(SN)         224.61 * 286.33 * 20         500         25 000         500           Sr         Strontium         38         -38NB(SR)         460.73 * 10         500         25 000         500           Te         Tellurium         52         -52NQ(TE)         214.27 * 15         400         4000         100           Ti         Titanium         22         -22NB(TI)         364.27 * 365.35 * 10         600         12 000         200           V         Vanadium         23         -23NB(V)         306.64 * 318.40 * 10         700         7000         100           Y         Yttrium         39         -39NB(Y)         410.23 * 410.23	Si	Silicon	14	-14NU(SI)		10	500	10 000	200
Sn         Tin         50         -50NQ(SN)         224.61 * 286.33 * 20         500         25 000         500           Sr         Strontium         38         -38NB(SR)         460.73 * 10         500         25 000         500           Te         Tellurium         52         -52NQ(TE)         214.27 * 15         400         4000         100           Ti         Titanium         22         -22NB(TI)         364.27 * 365.35 * 10         600         12 000         200           V         Vanadium         23         -23NB(V)         306.64 * 318.40 * 10         700         7000         100           Y         Yttrium         39         -39NB(Y)         410.23 * 412.23 * 15         600         6000         100           Yb         Ytterbium         70         -70NB(YB)         386.43 * 312.96 * 5         200         2000         100	Sm	Samarium	62	-62NB(SM)	429.67 *	15	600	6000	100
Sr         Strontium         38         -38NB(SR)         460.73 *         10         500         25 000         500           Te         Tellurium         52         -52NQ(TE)         214.27 *         15         400         4000         100           Ti         Titanium         22         -22NB(TI)         364.27 *         10         600         12 000         200           V         Vanadium         23         -23NB(V)         306.64 *         10         700         7000         100           Y         Yttrium         39         -39NB(Y)         410.23 *         15         600         6000         100           Yb         Ytterbium         70         -70NB(YB)         398.79 *         5         200         2000         100	Sn	Tin	50	-50NQ(SN)	224.61 *	20	500	25 000	500
Ti Titanium 22 -22NB(TI) 364.27 * 10 600 12 000 200  V Vanadium 23 -23NB(V) 306.64 10 700 7000 100  Y Yttrium 39 -39NB(Y) 410.23 * 15 600 6000 100  Yb Ytterbium 70 -70NB(YB) 398.79 5 200 2000 100	Sr	Strontium	38	-38NB(SR)	460.73 *	10	500	25 000	500
V         Vanadium         22         -22NB(1)         365.35         10         600         12 000         200           V         Vanadium         23         -23NB(V)         306.64 318.40 *         10         700         7000         100           Y         Yttrium         39         -39NB(Y)         410.23 * 412.83 *         15         600         6000         100           Yb         Ytterbium         70         -70NB(YB)         386.43 * 398.79 * 213.96 *         5         200         2000         100	Te	Tellurium	52	-52NQ(TE)	214.27 *	15	400	4000	100
V         Vanadium         23         -23NB(V)         306.64 * 318.40	Ti	Titanium	22	-22NB(TI)		10	600	12 000	200
Y         Yttrium         39         -39NB(Y)         410.23 * 412.83         15         600         6000         100           Yb         Ytterbium         70         -70NB(YB)         346.43 * 38.79 * 312.86 * 312	V	Vanadium	23	-23NB(V)	306.64	10	700	7000	100
Yb Ytterbium 70 -70NB(YB) 346.43	Υ	Yttrium	39	-39NB(Y)	410.23 *	15	600	6000	100
212.96 *	Yb	Ytterbium	70	-70NB(YB)	346.43	5	200	2000	100
Zn Zinc 30 -30NQ(ZN) 213.86 10 300 15 000 500	Zn	Zinc	30	-30NQ(ZN)	213.86 *	10	300	15 000	500

\* Analytical lines marked with an asterisk (\*) indicate the maximum absorption wavelength of each element. Since each element has two or more spectral emission lines, select the appropriate spectral line for the sample concentration.

#### NOTE:

- ①See the current waveform charts for the low current and high current waveform specifications.
- ②The guaranteed life is specified by either of the definitions below.
  - When lamps are operated at a current less than the lamp current value specified for each element:

The accumulated life (mA·ms·h) defined by the accumulated operating time including the lamp preheat time multiplied by the product of the low current and its time width or the product of the high current and its time width, whichever is larger.

· When lamps are operated at the lamp current value specified for each element:

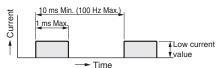
The accumulated operating time including the lamp preheat time.

### NOTE ON L2433 SERIES -LAMP CURRENT VALUES

#### ●LAMP CURRENT VALUE (LOW CURRENT)

Absorption of the target element occurs when a lamp is operated at a low current. Set the current so that the current value listed for the lamp is not exceeded.

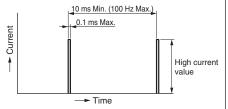
#### **Current waveform chart**



### ● LAMP CURRENT VALUE (HIGH CURRENT)

When a lamp is operated at a high current, a self-reversal effect occurs in the lamp to absorb the background. Set the current so that the current value listed for the lamp is not exceeded.

#### **Current waveform chart**



### **•TIME WIDTH**

Do not operate the lamps in a state where the time width of the current waveform exceeds the maximum time width shown in the above charts.

# **LAMP CURRENT AND ABSORPTION SENSITIVITY**

The ideal analytical line profile of the light emitted by a hollow cathode lamp should exhibit no spectral line broadening other than natural broadening. In actual operation, however, the spectral lines are emitted along with a broadening other than natural broadening. The causes of such broadening include Doppler broadening, self-absorption line width distortion, Lorentz broadening (pressure broadening), Holtzmark broadening (resonance broadening), Zeeman effect broadening, and Stark effect broadening. Among these, Doppler broadening and self-absorption line width distortion are major factors in broadening so that broadening related to other causes is usually small enough to be ignored.

**Doppler broadening** depends on the random thermal motion of the excited metal atoms, which is affected by the temperature of the gas. Spectral line broadening does not occur as long as the thermal motion of the atoms is perpendicular to a line connecting the observation point and the light emission point. However, if the thermal motion of the atoms is parallel to that line (forward and back motion as seen from the observation point), the frequency between the light emission point and observation point will increase (shift to shorter wavelength side) during motion toward the observation point and decrease (shift to longer wavelength side) during motion away from the observation point. This phenomenon is the so-called Doppler effect. Excited metal atoms in a cathode have a random thermal motion that causes the spectral lines to broaden. The width λο of this Doppler broadening can be expressed by the following equation: !!! where c is the velocity of light, R is the gas constant, T is the absolute temperature of the gas, and Ma is the atomic weight.

$$\Delta \lambda_D = 1.67 \times \frac{\lambda_0}{c} \sqrt{\frac{2RT}{Ma}}$$

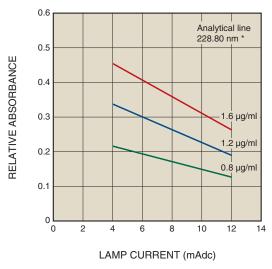
When there is a temperature gradient due to metal atoms flowing out of the hollow, higher-temperature metal atoms in the hollow are more excited than lower-temperature metal atoms outside the hollow, and so cause light emission. Self-absorption is a phenomenon in which this emitted light is absorbed as it passes through the relatively low-temperature metal atoms outside the hollow. Just as with the Doppler effect, this phenomenon results in broadening of analytical line width and a loss of absorption sensitivity.

As stated above, deterioration in the analytical line profile depends on the lamp current, so care must be taken since increasing the lamp current may cause an excessive increase in metal atoms. In actual measurement, it is essential to operate the lamp at an optimal lamp current that takes into account both the analytical line output intensity and absorption sensitivity.

The self-absorption effect is large for high-vaporization-pressure elements such as Cd (Cadmium) and small for low-vaporization-pressure elements such as Mo (Molybdenum). The lamp current for the former is usually specified as a low value.

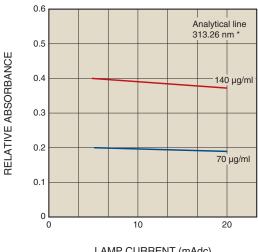
Figure 3: Lamp current vs. absorption sensitivity (Typ.)

#### ●L233-48NQ (CD)



<sup>\*</sup> Maximum absorption wavelength

#### L233-42NB (MO)

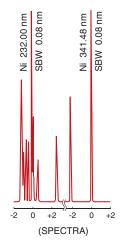


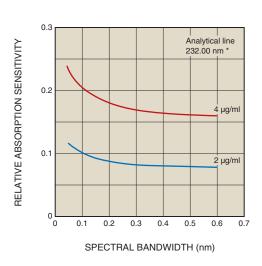
# SPECTRAL BANDWIDTH (S.B.W.) AND ABSORPTION SENSITIVITY

In the vicinity of an analytical line, the presence of other spectral lines from the same element or a different element will cause the absorption sensitivity to drop. (These spectral lines in the vicinity of the analytical line are known as proximity lines.) When these proximity lines are present, the spectral bandwidth (SBW) should be narrowed to reduce the effect of proximity lines by narrowing the slit width of the spectrophotometer.

Figure 4: Spectral bandwidth and absorption sensitivity (Typ.)

### ●L233-28NQ (NI)





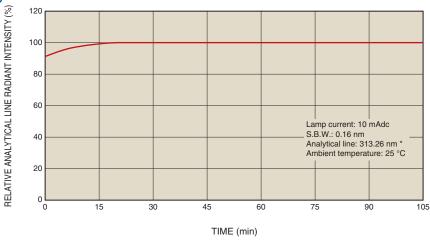
<sup>\*</sup> Maximum absorption wavelength

# TIME STABILITY OF ANALYTICAL LINE RADIANT INTENSITY

As described in the section dealing with the emission process, sputtered metal atoms are thermally diffused during repeated inelastic collisions with electrons. During the period required for the metal atom density to reach equilibrium, the radiant intensity of the analytical lines varies. This variation usually occurs in the direction of increased intensity for 10 to 20 minutes after the lamp has started, although it will vary depending on the element and lamp current. After reaching equilibrium, the radiant intensity at the analytical line is extremely stable. In high-vapor-pressure element lamps, operation at excessive lamp current levels causes excessively increased metal atoms to flow out of the hollow cathode space in the direction of the optical axis. This might lower the analytical line radiant intensity due to phenomena such as self-absorption. After a lamp has been left unused for a long period of time, some amount of time may be required for analytical line radiant intensity to reach initial stabilization, which results from changes in the cathode surface over time and depends on the element (especially alkaline element). Even in such cases, once the lamp is operated, it will light up normally from the next time.

Figure 5: Time stability of analytical line radiant intensity (Typ.)





<sup>\*</sup> Maximum absorption wavelength

### LIFE

The life of a hollow cathode lamp is greatly affected by the lamp current. This is due to the increase in the energy of positive ions colliding with the cathode surface which causes violent sputtering. During pulse operation as well, there is no change in the energy of the positive ions colliding with the cathode surface at each pulse, so lamp life is determined by the peak current and the pulse width (time width).

The following phenomena may be observed when a lamp has reached its life end:

- (1) The lamp does not emit light, and the lamp current does not vary even if the current control knob is changed. The analytical line output is not detectable.
- (2) Extreme variations occur in analytical line radiant intensity and the lamp current may also vary in some cases.
- (3) The analytical line radiant intensity weakens significantly and the signal-to-noise ratio deteriorates.

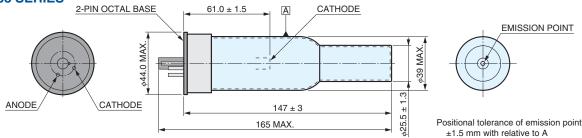
These phenomena are mainly caused by a drop in gas pressure within the lamp, which is due to a "gas clean-up" phenomenon in which sputtered metal atoms attract gases while being scattered and adhere to the bulb wall and electrodes at a lower temperature.

As the lamp is used, the cathode is gradually worn away and deformed by sputtering.

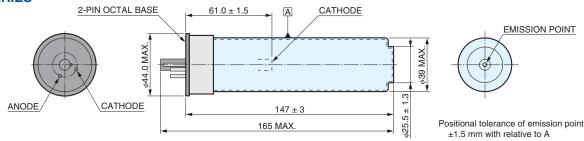
These characteristics will vary depending upon the element and will exhibit small differences even for lamps of the same element.

# **DIMENSIONAL OUTLINES (Unit: mm)**





#### ●L2433 SERIES



# **RELATED PRODUCTS**

### **DEUTERIUM LAMPS (L2D2® LAMPS)**

L2D2 lamps are deuterium lamps developed for spectrophotometry for chemical analysis.

These L2D2 lamps offer long life, high stability, and the high output needed for light sources used in spectrophotometry. L2D2 lamps can also be used for background correction in atomic absorption spectrophotometers.



### **PHOTOMULTIPLIER TUBES**

Among the many light sensors currently available, photomultiplier tubes are the most sensitive and photodetectors with high speed response.

Photomultiplier tubes are designed and manufactured to provide stable operation even when detecting changes in weak light or its on/off, or even when the supply voltage is varied. These features make photomultiplier tubes useful as a photodetectors that ensure accurate measurements in atomic absorption spectroscopy.



# PRECAUTIONS AND WARRANTY

### ■PRECAUTIONS

#### 1. LONG-TERM STORAGE

Please note that the lamps should be used shortly after delivery. If the lamps are left unused for a long period of 6 months or more, take the following precautions:.

- · Store the lamps in low humidity and at room temperature in locations where no corrosive gases are present and temperature fluctuations are
- · We recommend operating the lamp for approximately 3 hours once every 3 months at half the listed lamp current in order to stabilize the lamp characteristics.

#### 2. HANDLING

- · High voltage is supplied to the lamp to start operation. Take precautions to avoid electrical shock.
- · Ultraviolet rays harmful to the eyes and skin are emitted from the lamp window during operation. Do not look directly at the operating lamp.
- · Disposal of hollow cathode lamps

The cathode of hollow cathode lamps contains elements that are defined as hazardous substances under waste disposal laws. When disposing of the lamps using the cathode, entrust proper disposal to licensed industrial waste disposal company.

Please refer to our website for information of harmful substances in disposal.

Safety precautions: https://www.hamamatsu.com/resources/pdf/etd/HCL\_disposal\_E.pdf

· Do not touch the lamp window with bare hands. Grime from the hands adhering to the window will cause a drop in the analytical line radiant intensity. If you touch the lamp, wipe the window using gauze or oil-free cotton moistened with high-purity alcohol and wrung out thor-

Note that the volatile vaporization of organic solvents will absorb analytical lines of As, Se, etc. So use caution when handling such solvents near the measurement site.

The bulb wall or electrodes of some lamps might appear in a blackened state when delivered. This is caused by the spattering of cathode materials and this condition will differ depending on the particular element. This condition is especially noticeable on lamps with high vapor pressure elements such as As, Se, Cd, Zn, Na and K. This condition occurs during the manufacturing process and does not affect the lamp operating characteristics.

- · The major analytical lines used in atomic absorption spectroscopy are present in the UV wavelength range from 200 nm to 300 nm. Since mirrors, lenses and other optical components generally have low reflection or transmission efficiency in this wavelength region, alternately fine-adjust the spectrophotometer wavelength dial and the lamp position so that the output meter indicates the maximum while checking the wavelength dial scale to achieve the correct analytical line. Failure to make this analytical line adjustment correctly may prevent obtaining high measurement accuracy.
- If a high current is passed through the lamp suddenly when lighting the lamp or the power supply is cut off suddenly when the lamp is lit, surge currents or other abnormal currents will flow in the lamp, causing unnecessary lamp deterioration. When lighting the lamp, gradually increase the lamp current to the specified value and when turning off the lamp, also gradually decrease the current to ensure a long lamp life with stable operation.
- · The lamp current (max.) shown on the lamp is the absolute maximum value (which is broadly viewed as the guaranteed current at which no damage is caused to the lamp). In lamps based on elements having high vapor pressure (e.g., Hg, Cd and Zn), the maximum current shown on the lamp is set to a low lamp current value. If operated at a current higher than this value, the resulting Joule heat might melt the cathode.

### ■WARRANTY

### WARRANTY PERIOD

Hamamatsu hollow cathode lamps are warranted for a period of one year after the date of delivery.

#### WARRANTY COVERAGE

The warranty is limited to repair or replacement of defective lamps free of charge.

#### **CASES NOT COVERED BY WARRANTY**

The warrant shall not apply to the following cases even if within the warranty period.

- · Lamp operation has exceeded the guaranteed life.
- · Lamp failure was caused by incorrect usage that did not meet the product specifications or by careless handling or modifications made by
- · Lamp failure was caused or induced by unavoidable accidents such as natural disasters.
- \* L2D2 is registered trademark of Hamamatsu Photonics K.K.

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